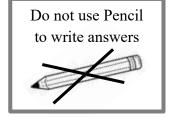
Sri Lanka Law College Special Entrance Examination 2025

Commercial Law-Model Paper

Instructions to candidates

One Hour

Very Important:



* When answering write down the digits as mentioned below

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

Important Instructions to candidates:

- * This paper consists of **03** Questions.
- * Answers must be provided for 02 questions.
- * Instructions given should be strictly followed in answering this paper and marks will not be awarded for answers not in accordance with these instructions.
- * Even if you are not attempting the paper hand it over to the Supervisor.
- * Write the answers clearly and legibly in **blue** or **black** ink only and **not in pencil.**
- * It is offence to remove this paper from the examination hall or turn out photos / photocopies of the same.
- * Answer scripts with illegible figures, illegible handwriting, those where erasing fluid has been used and written in pencil will not be marked / evaluated.

Write your Index Number here and on
page 3 in the space indicated.
Index Number is checked as correct
Invigilator's Initials

Ouestion No.	Marks Awarded
For Exai	niner's use only
Total	

Final Score

In Figure	
In Word	

Answer	Marked by	
Script		
Zinpi	Checked by	
Chief Examiner		

1.	MV. Athena was chartered to proceed from a Black sea port to a port in the United States of America. The vessel departed from the Black Sea Port in the direct geographical route. On the way, the Athena stopped for bunkers in the Port of Constanza where cheap fuel was available. The Port of Constanza was approximately 300 miles from the customary route from the Black Sea to the relevant Port in the United States of America. On its way to the Port of Constanza the vessel suffered a casualty which would not have occurred if the deviation was not undertaken, and the voyage was thus delayed for a period of one week.
	Discuss the liability of the owner of the vessel in the context of the deviation of the vessel from its direct geographical route. (50 marks)
	*This is just a sample question, so please do not be concerned about the space provided.

2.	A cargo of timber was stacked at quayside to load on to the MV. Christina for a voyage from the Port of Adelaide to the Port of Colombo. However, while awaiting loading, the cargo of timber was stained due to a leakage of oil. Upon loading the cargo, the Master of the Christina issued a clean bill of lading. The bill of lading originally issued to Billabong PLC in Australia as the shipper was thereafter duly endorsed and transferred to Ebony Pvt Ltd of Colombo Sri Lanka. Ebony Pvt Limited sued the ship owner upon obtaining the delivery of the cargo at the Port of Colombo.
	Discuss the relative defences the shipowner can take up with specific reference to estoppel. (50 Marks)
	ullet This is just a sample question, so please do not be concerned about the space provided.

Index No:.....

3. A vessel was chartered to carry a cargo of steel from the Port of Durban to the Port of London. The charterparty set out the lay can as 3-9 July and an option to cancel on 9 July. The owners on 6 th July nominated the vessel for 13-16 July. The charterers refused immediately and gave notice of cancellation of the charter. The notice was issued on the 7 th of July. The owners ignored the notice and issued a revised lay can of 8-9 July within the original lay can.
Discuss the rights of the charterer to cancel the charter before the agreed date of cancellation. (50 Marks)
*This is just a sample question, so please do not be concerned about the space provided.